

# MEGALAC FEEDING TO REDUCE HEAT STRESS

**Heat stress can cause major reductions in animal production and fertility.** Optimal temperature for lactating dairy cows is between 5°C and 20°C - outside of this range the animal uses energy specifically to heat or cool the body.

# Can Megalac help reduce the effects of heat stress?

Megalac is commonly used as an ingredient to help maintain herd performance under heat stress conditions - it can be described as a 'cool' ingredient.

# Effects of heat stress on productivity

### Reduced dry matter (DM) intake

- Decreased by 20-40% compared to cows in cooler conditions
- Reduced intake contributes to increased negative energy balance

### Reduced milk production

- Milk yield can decrease by 25-35% during heat stress
- Primary causes include reduced DM intake and increased maintenance energy requirements

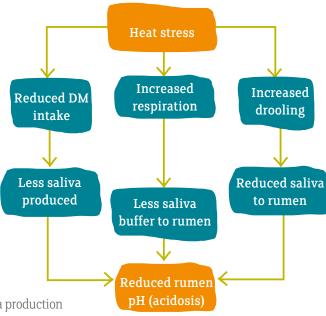
### Reduced fertility

- Conception rates of less than 10% reported during heat stress
- Causes include fewer cows detected in heat and fewer inseminated cows holding their pregnancy

#### Increased acidosis

- Lower DM intake leads to reduced rumination time and lower saliva production
- Drooling also reduces availability of saliva to the rumen
- Saliva contains bicarbonate which acts as a rumen buffer to help control acid levels and maintain rumen pH









### How can the animal lose heat?

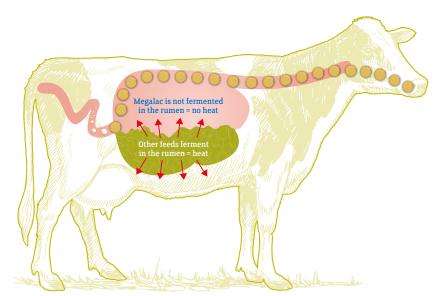
- Increased sweating, respiration rate and panting increase blood flow to the skin to allow heat loss to the environment
- These processes increase maintenance energy requirements by 7 to 25%, reducing energy available for production

### Feeding to reduce heat stress

- Digestion and fermentation of feed, and processing of nutrients in the body, leads to increased heat production in the animal
- High fibre ingredients generate greater amounts of heat than concentrates due to the increased work required to break down the feed and digest the nutrients

# How can Megalac help reduce effects of heat stress?

- Fat is not fermented in the rumen so generates minimal heat compared to other nutrient sources during digestion
- Megalac has a high energy density (ME 33.3 MJ/kg DM) to help increase energy supply even when DM intake is low
- Megalac energy is very efficiently converted to milk, resulting in reduced heat production compared to other nutrient sources (NE<sub>1</sub> 27.3 MJ/kg DM)
- Megalac is not fermented in the rumen so provides energy without adding to the acid load in the rumen





Fat helps **reduce**heat production

## THE CONCLUSION

**Megalac** is a **high-energy rumen-protected fat** which can help **reduce effects of heat stress**.

Megalac is a 'cool' ingredient.

For further information:

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